

Company:		Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind			Asset:		Whole Asset		
Project:		Whole Wind Farm			Sub Project/Package:		Whole Asset		
Document Title or Description:		18.14.3 Statement of Common Ground with Natural England, C Benthic & Intertidal Ecology							
Internal Document Number:		PP	1-ODOW-DEV-CS-STA-0	3 <sup>rd</sup> Party Doc No (If applicable):		N/A			
Rev No.	Date		Status / Reason for Issue	Author	Checked by	Reviewed by Appro		Approved by	
1.0	November 2024		Deadline 2	GoBe	Outer Dowsing	Shepherd & Wedderburn		Outer Dowsing	
2.0	April 202	25	Deadline 6	GoBe	Outer Dowsing		erd & erburn	Outer Dowsing	

The Applicant initially prepared this Statement of Common Ground (SoCG) in November 2024, due to resource constraints Natural England advised the Applicant they were not able engage with the Applicant in relation to a SoCG until the last examination deadline (Deadline 6). Following further engagement with Natural England it was agreed that the Applicant would revise the format of the SoCG to follow that preferred by Natural England and issue the document to Natural England for review week commencing 24<sup>th</sup> March 2025. The Applicant issued this SoCG to Natural England on the 25<sup>th</sup> March 2025. Natural England returned this SoCG with significant alterations, which regrettably left insufficient time for the Applicant and Natural England to engage and enter into a final form of SoCG. This draft SoCG is provided as returned to the Applicant by Natural England on 2<sup>nd</sup> April 2025.



## **Annex C Benthic and Intertidal Ecology**

- 1. The Applicant has considered the potential impacts of the Project seaward of Mean High Water Springs (MHWS) and on specific receptors above MHWS on benthic and intertidal ecology receptors, during the construction, operation and maintenance and decommissioning phases as set out in Chapter 9 Benthic and Intertidal Ecology (REP5-019).
- 2. Benthic and intertidal receptors were included within the Benthic and Marine Ecology, Coastal Processes and Compensation & Derogation panel as part of the EPP. Minutes of the meetings held as part of the EPP can be found in Appendix 5.1.15 of the Consultation Report submitted as part of the Project's application for development consent (APP-052).
- 3. Table 1 sets out areas of agreement (common ground), areas where discussions are ongoing and areas where is has not been possible to reach agreement and discussions are no longer being pursued relating to Benthic and Intertidal Ecology. This is reflecting Tab C of the Natural England Risk and Issues Log.



Table 1: Benthic and Intertidal Ecology

Ref	Applicant Position	Stakeholder Position	Status
	Study Area		
NE B 1	The Applicant considers an appropriate study area has been included in the assessment.	This was discussed and agreed during the EPP, as detailed in Annex A of Evidence Plan Process Consultation (APP-052).	Agreed
	Baseline Data		
NE B 2	The Applicant considers they have used relevant and appropriate desk-based data and project site specific survey data and analyses to inform a robust and appropriate baseline characterisation.	NE had concerns around the data, analytical approach and methods which were used to provide a baseline of the extent and distribution of Annex I S. spinulosa reef.  However, following reanalysis of the data and further clarification, NE agree that there is sufficient	Agreed
		evidence.	
	Assessment Methodology		
NE B 3	The Applicant considers that an appropriate assessment methodology has been used for the basis of the assessments.	This was discussed and agreed during the EPP, as detailed in Annex A of Evidence Plan Process Consultation (APP-052).	Agreed
	Maximum Design Scenario/ Worst Case Scenario		
NE B 4	The Applicant has provided an appropriate WCS for cable protection.  The Applicant's position on the points raised by NE is set out in Tab C rows 1, 2 and 3 of the Applicant response to Deadline 5 submissions (document reference 23.2).	NE requested clarification on the cable protection design within and outwith the IDRBNR SAC and whether additional protection over the project lifetime, or secondary scour has been included for the maximum design scenario (MDS)/ worst case scenario (WCS) (Risk and Issues Log Annex C, ID 1).	
	<ul> <li>The Applicant has progressed these issues by providing the items listed below during the Examination but has not been able to reach full agreement with NE.</li> <li>commitment to removable cable protection in areas of supporting habitat for Annex I Sabellaria spinulosa reef.</li> </ul>	NE welcome the Applicant's commitment for removable cable protection in areas of supporting habitat for Annex I <i>Sabellaria spinulosa</i> reef <u>and Annex I Sandbank</u> but continues to advise an Outline Decommissioning Plan is submitted into Examination.	
	<ul> <li>Provided NE with an assessment of supporting habitat for <i>S. spinulosa</i> in a technical note submitted at Deadline 4a.</li> <li>Clarifications on cable protection provided in numerous responses to NE.</li> </ul>	However as set out in our final position at Deadline 6: "Whilst we welcome that ODOW have committed to installing removable cable protection within areas identified as potential supporting processes and habitat for Annex 1 Sabellaria spinulosa Reef within IDRBNR SAC, and agree this demonstrates adoption of the	
	The Applicant has set out on 1.3.19 of Table 4 of the Applicant's Comments on Deadline 4 Submissions (REP4a-115) why an Outline Decommissioning Plan is not	mitigation hierarchy in minimising the impacts; it does not secure the removal of the cable protection and nor does it avoid hindering the conservation objectives for the site to restore 'the supporting processes on	
	necessary and notes that this approach is consistent with recently consented offshore wind farm DCOs.	which qualifying natural habitats and the habitats of qualifying species rely'. Therefore, we continue to advise an Adverse Effect on Integrity alone cannot be excluded to the Annex I reef feature of the IDRBNR SAC."	
		NE requested further detail of potential O&M activity and cable protection that may be deployed post construction. A condition must be secured that ensures no cable protection granted by the marine licence may be deployed within the IDRBNR SAC after the construction period has ended. Any cable protection to be installed outside of the IDRBNR SAC following completion of construction in locations where cable protection was not installed during construction must be deployed within 10 years of completion of construction, unless otherwise agreed by the MMO in writing.	
	Assessment Conclusions		
NE B 5	The Applicant is confident in the conclusion of no significant impact in EIA terms on S. spinulosa reef.	NE had concerns that the conclusion of 'no significant impacts in EIA terms' on <i>S. spinulosa</i> Reef is not scientifically robust and require revisiting following a more appropriate review of the data available as per our accompanying comments.	Not agreed (No material impact)
	The Applicant's position on the points raised by NE is set out in Tab C row 9 (document reference 23.2, updated at Deadline 6)	NE has concerns about the conclusion that Annex I <i>S. spinulosa</i> reef will recover from cable installation activities.	



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